#### 109TH CONGRESS 1ST SESSION

## S. 361

### AN ACT

- To develop and maintain an integrated system of ocean and coastal observations for the Nation's coasts, oceans and Great Lakes, improve warnings of tsunamis and other natural hazards, and for other purposes.
  - 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
  - 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,
  - 3 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.
  - 4 This Act may be cited as the "Ocean and Coastal
  - 5 Observation System Act of 2005".

#### 1 SEC. 2. FINDINGS AND PURPOSES.

	2 (	(a)	Findings.—	-Congress	finds	the	followin	ւջ։
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- (1) Ocean and coastal observations provide vital information for protecting human lives and property from marine hazards, predicting weather, improving ocean health and providing for the protection and enjoyment of the resources of the Nation's coasts, oceans, and Great Lakes.
- (2) The continuing and potentially devastating threat posed by tsunamis, hurricanes, storm surges, and other marine hazards requires immediate implementation of strengthened observation and data management systems to provide timely detection, assessment, and warnings to the millions of people living in coastal regions of the United States and throughout the world.
  - (3) The 95,000-mile coastline of the United States, including the Great Lakes, is vital to the Nation's prosperity, contributing over \$117 billion to the national economy in 2000, supporting jobs for more than 200 million Americans, and supporting commercial and sport fisheries valued at more than \$50 billion annually.
- (4) Responding to coastal hazards and managing fisheries and other coastal activities require improved monitoring of the Nation's waters and

- coastline, including the ability to provide rapid response teams with real-time environmental conditions necessary for their work.
  - (5) While knowledge of the ocean and coastal environment and processes is far from complete, advances in sensing technologies and scientific understanding have made possible long-term and continuous observation from shore, from space, and in situ of ocean and coastal characteristics and conditions.
  - (6) Many elements of an ocean and coastal observing system are in place, but require national investment, consolidation, completion, and integration at Federal, regional, State, and local levels.
  - (7) The Commission on Ocean Policy recommends a national commitment to a sustained and integrated ocean and coastal observing system and to coordinated research programs in order to assist the Nation and the world in understanding the oceans, improving weather forecasts, strengthening management of ocean and coastal resources, and mitigating marine hazards.
  - (8) In 2003, the United States led more than 50 nations in affirming the vital importance of timely, quality, long-term global observations as a basis for sound decision-making, recognizing the contribu-

- tion of observation systems to meet national, re-
- 2 gional, and global needs, and calling for strength-
- 3 ened cooperation and coordination in establishing a
- 4 Global Earth Observation System of Systems, of
- 5 which an integrated ocean and coastal observing sys-
- 6 tem is an essential part.
- 7 (b) Purposes.—The purposes of this Act are to pro-
- 8 vide for—
- 9 (1) the planning, development, and maintenance
- of an integrated ocean and coastal observing system
- that provides the data and information to sustain
- and restore healthy marine and Great Lakes eco-
- 13 systems and the resources they support, enable ad-
- vances in scientific understanding of the oceans and
- the Great Lakes, and strengthen science education
- and communication;
- 17 (2) implementation of research, development,
- education, and outreach programs to improve under-
- standing of the oceans and Great Lakes and achieve
- the full national benefits of an integrated ocean and
- coastal observing system;
- 22 (3) implementation of a data and information
- 23 management system required by all components of
- an integrated ocean and coastal observing system
- and related research to develop early warning sys-

1 tems and insure usefulness of data and information 2 for users; and 3 (4) establishment of a system of regional ocean, 4 coastal, and Great Lakes observing systems to ad-5 dress local needs for ocean information. 6 SEC. 3. DEFINITIONS. 7 In this Act: 8 (1) COUNCIL.—The term "Council" means the 9 National Ocean Research Leadership Council. 10 (2) Observing system.—The term "observing 11 system" means the integrated coastal, ocean and 12 Great Lakes observing system to be established by 13 the Committee under section 4(a). 14 (3)INTERAGENCY PROGRAM OFFICE.—The term "interagency program office" means the office 15 16 established under section 4(d). SEC. 4. INTEGRATED OCEAN AND COASTAL OBSERVING 18 SYSTEM. 19 ESTABLISHMENT.—The (a) President, acting 20 through the Council, shall establish and maintain an inte-21 grated system of ocean and coastal observations, data 22 communication and management, analysis, modeling, re-23 search, education, and outreach designed to provide data and information for the timely detection and prediction

of changes occurring in the ocean, coastal and Great

- 1 Lakes environment that impact the Nation's social, eco-
- 2 nomic, and ecological systems. The observing system shall
- 3 provide for long-term, continuous and quality-controlled
- 4 observations of the coasts, oceans, and Great Lakes for
- 5 the following purposes:

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- (1) Improving the health of the Nation's coasts,oceans, and Great Lakes.
  - (2) Protecting human lives and livelihoods from hazards such as tsunamis, hurricanes, coastal erosion, and fluctuating Great Lakes water levels.
    - (3) Understanding the effects of human activities and natural variability on the state of the coasts, oceans, and Great Lakes and the Nation's socioeconomic well-being.
  - (4) Providing for the sustainable use, protection, and enjoyment of ocean, coastal, and Great Lakes resources.
  - (5) Providing information that can support the eventual implementation and refinement of ecosystem-based management.
  - (6) Supplying critical information to marine-related businesses such as aquaculture and fisheries.
- 23 (7) Supporting research and development to en-24 sure continuous improvement to ocean, coastal, and 25 Great Lakes observation measurements and to en-

- 1 hance understanding of the Nation's ocean, coastal,
- and Great Lakes resources.
- 3 (b) System Elements.—In order to fulfill the pur-
- 4 poses of this Act, the observing system shall consist of the
- 5 following program elements:

- (1) A national program to fulfill national observation priorities, including the Nation's ocean contribution to the Global Earth Observation System of Systems and the Global Ocean Observing System.
  - (2) A network of regional associations to manage the regional ocean and coastal observing and information programs that collect, measure, and disseminate data and information products to meet regional needs.
    - (3) A data management and dissemination system for the timely integration and dissemination of data and information products from the national and regional systems.
    - (4) A research and development program conducted under the guidance of the Council.
    - (5) An outreach, education, and training program that augments existing programs, such as the National Sea Grant College Program, the Centers for Ocean Sciences Education Excellence program, and the National Estuarine Research Reserve Sys-

1	tem, to ensure the use of the data and information
2	for improving public education and awareness of the
3	Nation's oceans and building the technical expertise
4	required to operate and improve the observing sys-
5	tem.
6	(c) Council Functions.—In carrying out respon-
7	sibilities under this section, the Council shall—
8	(1) serve as the oversight body for the design
9	and implementation of all aspects of the observing
10	system;
11	(2) adopt plans, budgets, and standards that
12	are developed and maintained by the interagency
13	program office in consultation with the regional as-
14	sociations;
15	(3) coordinate the observing system with other
16	earth observing activities including the Global Ocean
17	Observing System and the Global Earth Observing
18	System of Systems;
19	(4) coordinate and administer programs of re-
20	search, development, education, and outreach to sup-
21	port improvements to and the operation of an inte-
22	grated ocean and coastal observing system and to

advance the understanding of the oceans;

- 1 (5) establish pilot projects to develop technology 2 and methods for advancing the development of the 3 observing system;
  - (6) provide, as appropriate, support for and representation on United States delegations to international meetings on ocean and coastal observing programs; and
- 8 (7) in consultation with the Secretary of State,
  9 coordinate relevant Federal activities with those of
  10 other nations.
- 11 (d) Interagency Program Office.—The Council
  12 shall establish an interagency program office to be known
  13 as "OceanUS". The interagency program office shall be
  14 responsible for program planning and coordination of the
  15 observing system. The interagency program office shall—
  - (1) prepare annual and long-term plans for consideration by the Council for the design and implementation of the observing system that promote collaboration among Federal agencies and regional associations in developing the global and national observing systems, including identification and refinement of a core set of variables to be measured by all systems;
- 24 (2) coordinate the development of agency prior-25 ities and budgets for implementation of the observ-

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1	ing system, including budgets for the regional asso-
2	ciations;
3	(3) establish and refine standards and protocols
4	for data management and communications, including
5	quality standards, in consultation with participating
6	Federal agencies and regional associations;
7	(4) develop a process for the certification of the
8	regional associations and their periodic review and
9	recertification;
10	(5) establish an external technical committee to
11	provide biennial review of the observing system; and
12	(6) provide for opportunities to partner or con-
13	tract with private sector companies in deploying
14	ocean observation system elements.
15	(e) Lead Federal Agency.—The National Oceanic
16	and Atmospheric Administration shall be the lead Federal
17	agency for implementation and operation of the observing
18	system. Based on the plans prepared by the interagency
19	program office and adopted by the Council, the Adminis-
20	trator of the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Adminis-
21	tration shall—
22	(1) coordinate implementation, operation and
23	improvement of the observing system;
24	(2) establish efficient and effective administra-
25	tive procedures for allocation of funds among Fed-

- eral agencies and regional associations in a timely manner and according to the budget adopted by the Council:
  - (3) implement and maintain appropriate elements of the observing system;
    - (4) provide for the migration of scientific and technological advances from research and development to operational deployment;
  - (5) integrate and extend existing programs and pilot projects into the operational observation system;
  - (6) certify regional associations that meet the requirements of subsection (f); and
    - (7) integrate the capabilities of the National Coastal Data Development Center and the Coastal Services Center of the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration, and other appropriate centers, into the observing system for the purpose of assimilating, managing, disseminating, and archiving data from regional observation systems and other observation systems.
- 22 (f) REGIONAL ASSOCIATIONS OF OCEAN AND COAST-
- 23 AL OBSERVING SYSTEMS.—The Administrator of the Na-
- 24 tional Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration may cer-
- 25 tify one or more regional associations to be responsible

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- 1 for the development and operation of regional ocean and
- 2 coastal observing systems to meet the information needs
- 3 of user groups in the region while adhering to national
- 4 standards. To be certifiable by the Administrator, a re-
- 5 gional association shall—
- 6 (1) demonstrate an organizational structure ca-7 pable of supporting and integrating all aspects of 8 ocean and coastal observing and information pro-
- 9 grams within a region;

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- (2) operate under a strategic operations and business plan that details the operation and support of regional ocean and coastal observing systems pursuant to the standards established by the Council;
- (3) provide information products for multiple
  users in the region;
  - (4) work with governmental entities and programs at all levels within the region to provide timely warnings and outreach to protect the public; and
- 19 (5) meet certification standards developed by 20 the interagency program office in conjunction with 21 the regional associations and approved by the Coun-22 cil.
- 23 Nothing in this Act authorizes a regional association to
- 24 engage in lobbying activities (as defined in section 3(7)

- 1 of the Lobbying Disclosure Act of 1995 (2 U.S.C.
- 2 1602(7)).
- 3 (g) Civil Liability.—For purposes of section
- 4 1346(b)(1) and chapter 171 of title 28, United States
- 5 Code, the Suits in Admiralty Act (46 U.S.C. App. 741
- 6 et seq.), and the Public Vessels Act (46 U.S.C. App. 781
- 7 et seq.), any regional ocean and coastal observing system
- 8 that is a designated part of a regional association certified
- 9 under this section shall, in carrying out the purposes of
- 10 this Act, be deemed to be part of the National Oceanic
- 11 and Atmospheric Administration, and any employee of
- 12 such system, while acting within the scope of his or her
- 13 employment in carrying out such purposes, shall be
- 14 deemed to be an employee of the Government.
- 15 SEC. 5. RESEARCH, DEVELOPMENT, AND EDUCATION.
- 16 The Council shall establish programs for research,
- 17 development, education, and outreach for the ocean and
- 18 coastal observing system, including projects under the Na-
- 19 tional Oceanographic Partnership Program, consisting of
- 20 the following:
- 21 (1) Basic research to advance knowledge of
- ocean and coastal systems and ensure continued im-
- provement of operational products, including related
- infrastructure and observing technology.

- 1 (2) Focused research projects to improve under-2 standing of the relationship between the coasts and 3 oceans and human activities.
  - (3) Large scale computing resources and research to advance modeling of ocean and coastal processes.
- (4) A coordinated effort to build public edu8 cation and awareness of the ocean and coastal envi9 ronment and functions that integrates ongoing ac10 tivities such as the National Sea Grant College Pro11 gram, the Centers for Ocean Sciences Education Ex12 cellence, and the National Estuarine Research Re13 serve System.

#### 14 SEC. 6. INTERAGENCY FINANCING.

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15 The departments and agencies represented on the Council are authorized to participate in interagency fi-16 nancing and share, transfer, receive, obligate, and expend 17 funds appropriated to any member of the Council for the 18 19 purposes of carrying out any administrative or pro-20 grammatic project or activity under this Act or under the 21 National Oceanographic Partnership Program, including 22 support for the interagency program office, a common in-23 frastructure, and system integration for a ocean and coastal observing system. Funds may be transferred

among such departments and agencies through an appro-

- 1 priate instrument that specifies the goods, services, or
- 2 space being acquired from another Council member and
- 3 the costs of the same.
- 4 SEC. 7. APPLICATION WITH OUTER CONTINENTAL SHELF
- 5 LANDS ACT.
- Nothing in this Act supersedes, or limits the author-
- 7 ity of the Secretary of the Interior under the Outer Conti-
- 8 nental Shelf Lands Act (43 U.S.C. 1331 et seq.).
- 9 SEC. 8. AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.
- There are authorized to be appropriated to the Na-
- 11 tional Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration for the
- 12 implementation of an integrated ocean and coastal observ-
- 13 ing system under section 4, and the research and develop-
- 14 ment program under section 5, including financial assist-
- 15 ance to the interagency program office, the regional asso-
- 16 ciations for the implementation of regional ocean and
- 17 coastal observing systems, and the departments and agen-
- 18 cies represented on the Council, \$150,000,000 for each of
- 19 fiscal years 2006 through 2010. At least 50 percent of
- 20 the sums appropriated for the implementation of the inte-
- 21 grated ocean and coastal observing system under section
- 22 4 shall be allocated to the regional associations certified
- 23 under section 4(f) for implementation of regional ocean
- 24 and coastal observing systems. Sums appropriated pursu-
- 25 ant to this section shall remain available until expended.

#### 1 SEC. 9. REPORTING REQUIREMENT.

- 2 Not later than March 31, 2010, the President, acting
- 3 through the Council, shall transmit to Congress a report
- 4 on the programs established under sections 4 and 5. The
- 5 report shall include a description of activities carried out
- 6 under the programs, an evaluation of the effectiveness of
- 7 the programs, and recommendations concerning reauthor-
- 8 ization of the programs and funding levels for the pro-
- 9 grams in succeeding fiscal years.

Passed the Senate July 1, 2005.

Attest:

Secretary.

# 18T Session S. 361

# AN ACT

To develop and maintain an integrated system of ocean and coastal observations for the Nation's coasts, oceans and Great Lakes, improve warnings of tsunamis and other natural hazards, and for other purposes.